

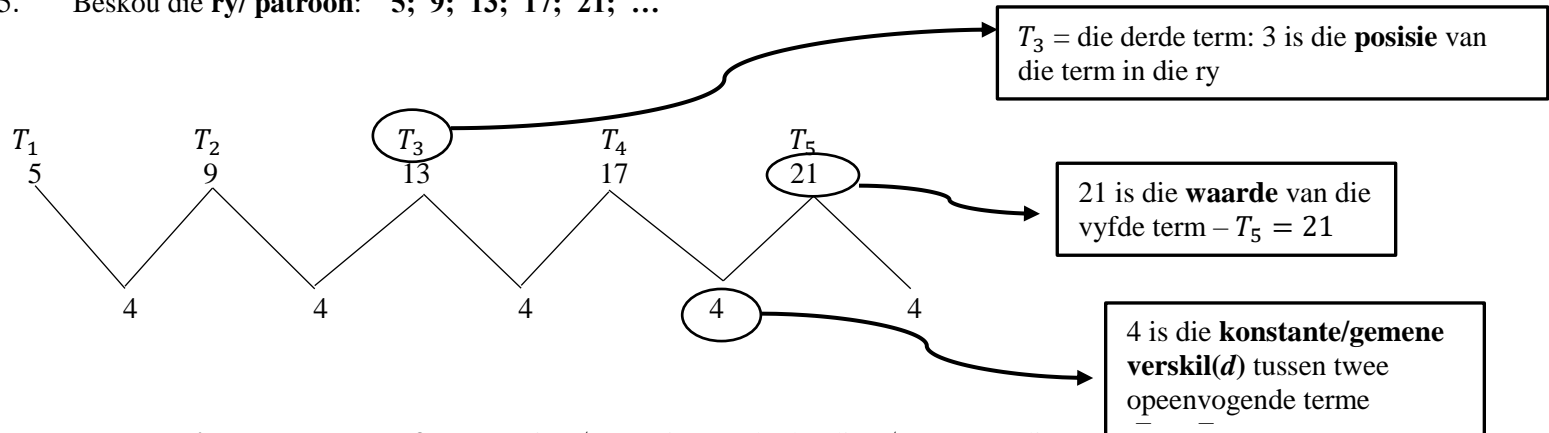


| VAK en GRAAD | WISKUNDE GRAAD 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|--|--|--|----------------|---|------------------|---|--------------------|---|----------------------|----|----------------|-----|------------------|-----|----------|--|-----|-----------------------|---|----------------|---|------------------|---|--------------------|---|-----------------------|----|----------------|-----|------------------|-----|----------|---|-----|-----------------------|---|---------------|---|------------------------|---|---------------------------------|---|---|----|-------------------|-----|-------------|-----|---------|--|-----|-----------------------|---|--------------------|---|------------------------|---|------------------------|---|-------------------------|----|----------------|-----|-------------------|-----|---------|
| KWARTAAL 3 | Week 4 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ONDERWERP | GETALPATRONE | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| DOEL VAN DIE LES | Herkening van 'n lineêre patroon. Bepaling van die algemene term. Bepaling van 'n term in die gegewe posisie van 'n lineêre patroon. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| HULPBRONNE | Papiergebaseerde hulpbronne | Digitale hulpbronne | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | Hoofstuk oor Getalpatrone in jou handboek | https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=V02nV_qR_xQ https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=Yd80NCXBINU | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| INLEIDING | In die vorige grade was julle bekendgestel aan getalpatrone wat 'n ry van getalle is wat 'n spesifieke patroon volg. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Beskou die volgende patrone | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Voorbeeld 1. 2; 4; 6; 8; ... | Voorbeeld 2. 3; 6; 9; 12; ... | Voorbeeld 3. 2; 4; 8; 16; ... | Voorbeeld 4. 1; 4; 9; 16; ... | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
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| n | T_n : algemene term | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | $2 = 2(1) = 2$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | $2+2 = 2(2) = 4$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | $2+2+2 = 2(3) = 6$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | $2+2+2+2 = 2(4) = 8$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | $= 2(10) = 20$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 100 | $= 2(100) = 200$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| n | $= 2(n)$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| n | T_n : algemene term | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | $3 = 3(1) = 3$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | $3+3 = 3(2) = 6$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | $3+3+3 = 3(3) = 9$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | $3+3+3+3 = 3(4) = 12$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | $= 3(10) = 30$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 100 | $= 3(100) = 300$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| n | $= 3(n)$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| n | T_n : algemene term | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | $2 = 2^1 = 2$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | $2 \times 2 = 2^2 = 4$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | $2 \times 2 \times 2 = 2^3 = 8$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | $2 \times 2 \times 2 \times 2 = 2^4 = 16$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | $= 2^{10} = 1024$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 100 | $= 2^{100}$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| n | $= 2^n$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| n | T_n : algemene term | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | $1 \times 1 = 1^2$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | $2 \times 2 = 2^2 = 4$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | $3 \times 3 = 3^2 = 9$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | $4 \times 4 = 4^2 = 16$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 10 | $= 10^2 = 100$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 100 | $= 100^2 = 10000$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| n | $= n^2$ | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>Veelvoude van 2 = $2(n)$ Ewe getalle</p> <p>Odd numbers = $2n - 1$</p> | <p>Veelvoude van 3 = $3(n)$</p> | <p>Magte van 2 = 2^n</p> | <p>Vierkante van natuurlike getalle = n^2</p> <p>Derdemagte van natuurlike getalle = n^3</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

Lineêre patroon/ ry

‘n Voorbeeld hiervan is ‘n **lineêre patroon/ ry** waar daar ‘n **konstante/gemene verskil** is tussen die **opeenvolgende terme**. In ander woorde, **dieselfde getal** word elke keer by die opeenvolgende term getel of afgetrek.

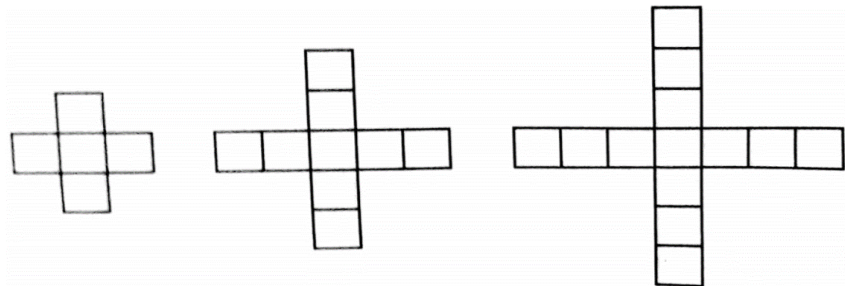
Voorbeeld 5. Beskou die **ry/ patroon**: **5; 9; 13; 17; 21; ...**



Die patroon kan soos volg in woorde beskryf word: Die 1^{ste} term is 5. Tel 4 by die 1^{ste} term om die 2^{de} term te verkry wat 9 is. Gaan voort om 4 elke keer by te tel om die volgende term te kry.

- Die konstante verskil (**d**) is 4
- Die volgende drie terme is 25; 29; 33 → tel elke keer 4 by
- Die waarde van $T_4 = 17$ → 17 is die term in die 4^{de} posisie
- Die 2^{de} term → $T_2 = 9$ die waarde van 2^{de} term

Voorbeeld 6. Beskou die **ry/ patroon** van vierkantige blokkies:



Ons kan ook die patroon van die blokkies op ‘n tabel voorstel.

Konstante verskil $d = T_2 - T_1 = 9 - 5 = 4$

| n | Aantal blokkies | T_n : algemene term |
|-----|-----------------------|-----------------------|
| 1 | $5 = 5$ | $= 5+4(0)$ |
| 2 | $5+4 = 9$ | $= 5+4(1)$ |
| 3 | $5+4+4 = 13$ | $= 5+4(2)$ |
| 4 | $5+4+4+4 = 17$ | $= 5+4(3)$ |
| n | $5+4+4+4+4+ \dots +4$ | $= 5+4(n-1)$ |

| <p>Voorbeeld 7: Gegee die patroon: -2; 1; 4; 7;</p> <p>a) Bepaal die algemene term van die ry.</p> <p>b) Gebruik die algemene term om die 50^{ste} term te bereken in die patroon.</p> <p>c) Watter term van die patroon is gelyk aan 55.</p> | <p>Oplossing: Konstante verskil $d = T_2 - T_1 = 1 - (-2) = 3$</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>n</th> <th colspan="2">T_n : algemene term</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>-2</td> <td>= -2</td> <td>= -2+3(0)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>-2+ 3</td> <td>= 1</td> <td>= -2+3(1)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>-2+3+3</td> <td>= 4</td> <td>= -2+3(2)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>4</td> <td>-2+3+3+3</td> <td>= 7</td> <td>= -2+3(3)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>n</td> <td>-2+3+3+3+ ... +3</td> <td></td> <td>= -2+3($n - 1$) = -2 + 3n - 3 = 3n - 5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> <p>$\therefore T_n = 3n - 5$</p> <p>$T_n = 3n - 5$ $\therefore T_{50} = 3(50) - 5$ $T_{50} = 145$</p> <p>$T_n = 55$ $\therefore T_n = 3n - 5 = 55$ $3n = 55 + 5$ $3n = 60$ $n = 20$</p> <p>\therefore 20^{ste} term van die patroon is gelyk aan 55</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>Posisie van die term is 50. Daarom is, $n = 50$</p> </div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 5px;"> <p>Waarde van die term is 55. Daarom is $T_n = 55$</p> </div> | n | T_n : algemene term | | 1 | -2 | = -2 | = -2+3(0) | 2 | -2+ 3 | = 1 | = -2+3(1) | 3 | -2+3+3 | = 4 | = -2+3(2) | 4 | -2+3+3+3 | = 7 | = -2+3(3) | n | -2+3+3+3+ ... +3 | | = -2+3($n - 1$) = -2 + 3 n - 3 = 3n - 5 | <p>KAN JY? Gegee die patroon: 3; 8; 13; 18;.... Bereken: a) Die algemene term b) Die 20^{ste} term c) Watter term van die patroon is gelyk aan 223</p> <p>Antwoorde:</p> <p>a) $T_n = 5n - 2$ b) 98 c) $n = 45$</p> |
|--|---|---|---|---|----|--|----------|-----------|-----|-------|--|-----------|--------|---------------|------------|-----------|---|----------|-----|-----------|-----|------------------|--|---|---|
| n | T_n : algemene term | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | -2 | = -2 | = -2+3(0) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 2 | -2+ 3 | = 1 | = -2+3(1) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | -2+3+3 | = 4 | = -2+3(2) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 4 | -2+3+3+3 | = 7 | = -2+3(3) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| n | -2+3+3+3+ ... +3 | | = -2+3($n - 1$) = -2 + 3 n - 3 = 3n - 5 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>Voorbeeld 8: Skryf die eerste drie terme en die gemene verskil vir 'n lineêre ry met die algemene term: $T_n = 6n + 5$</p> | <p>Oplossing: Eerste 3 terme $T_1 = 6(1) + 5 = 11$ $T_2 = 6(2) + 5 = 17$ $T_3 = 6(3) + 5 = 23$</p> | <p>Gemene/konstante verskil: $d = T_2 - T_1$ of $d = T_3 - T_2$ $d = 17 - 11$ $d = 6$</p> | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>AKTIWITIETE/ ASSESSERING</p> | <p>Mind Action Series</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Oefening</th> <th>Bladsy</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>57</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Oefening | Bladsy | 1 | 57 | <p>Siyavula</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Oefening</th> <th>Bladsy</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>3.1</td> <td>64</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Oefening | Bladsy | 3.1 | 64 | <p>Wiskunde vir die Klaskamer</p> <table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Oefening</th> <th>Bladsy</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>3.1, 3.2, 3.3</td> <td>59, 61, 64</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> | Oefening | Bladsy | 3.1, 3.2, 3.3 | 59, 61, 64 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Oefening | Bladsy | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 1 | 57 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Oefening | Bladsy | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3.1 | 64 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Oefening | Bladsy | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| 3.1, 3.2, 3.3 | 59, 61, 64 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| <p>KONSOLIDASIE</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Lineêre patroon het 'n konstante/gemene verskil (d) • Bepaal die algemene term/ nde term • Bepaling van 'n term in die gegewe posisie van 'n lineêre patroon | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |